### Senate



General Assembly

File No. 279

February Session, 2014

Senate Bill No. 309

Senate, April 2, 2014

The Committee on Environment reported through SEN. MEYER of the 12th Dist., Chairperson of the Committee on the part of the Senate, that the bill ought to pass.

## AN ACT CONCERNING MUNICIPAL COSTS FOR THE CARE OF CONFISCATED ANIMALS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Subsections (f) to (k), inclusive, of section 22-329a of the general statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 3 thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- 4 (f) If the court issues an order vesting the animal's temporary care 5 and custody in some suitable state, municipal or other public or 6 private agency or person, the owner or owners shall either relinquish 7 ownership of the animal or post a surety bond or cash bond with the 8 agency or person in whom the animal's temporary care and custody 9 was vested. The surety bond or cash bond shall be in the amount of 10 five hundred dollars for each animal placed in the temporary care or 11 <u>custody of such agency or person</u> and shall secure payment for the 12 reasonable expenses of the agency or person having temporary care
- and custody of the animal in caring and providing for such animal
- 14 until the court makes a finding as to the animal's disposition under

SB309 / File No. 279

subsection (g) of this section. The requirement that a bond be posted may be waived if such owner provides satisfactory evidence that such owner is indigent and unable to pay for such bond.

- (g) (1) If, after hearing, the court finds that the animal is neglected or cruelly treated, it shall vest ownership of the animal in any state, municipal or other public or private agency which is permitted by law to care for neglected or cruelly treated animals or with any person found to be suitable or worthy of such responsibility by the court.
- (2) If, after hearing, the court finds that the animal is so injured or diseased that it should be destroyed, the court may order that such animal be humanely destroyed.
- (3) If, after hearing, the court finds that the animal is not neglected or cruelly treated, it may cause the animal to be returned to its owner or owners or person having responsibility for its care or, if such owner or owners or person is unknown or unwilling to resume caring for such animal, it may vest ownership of the animal in any state, municipal or other public or private agency or person found to be suitable or worthy of such responsibility.
- (4) If the court makes a finding under subdivision (1) or (2) of this subsection less than thirty days after the issuance of an order of temporary care and custody and the owner of the animal has posted a bond, the agency or person with whom the bond was posted shall return the balance of such bond, if any, to the owner. The amount of the bond to be returned to the owner shall be calculated at the rate of fifteen dollars per day per animal or twenty-five dollars per day per animal if the animal is a horse or other large livestock for the number of days less than thirty that such agency or person has not had temporary care and custody of the animal less any veterinary costs and expenses incurred for the welfare of the animal.
- (5) If the court makes a finding under subdivision (3) of this subsection after the issuance of an order of temporary care and custody and the owner of the animal has posted a bond, the agency or

SB309 / File No. 279 2

person with whom the bond was posted shall return such bond to such owner.

(h) If the court finds that the animal is neglected or cruelly treated, the expenses incurred by the state or a municipality in providing proper food, shelter and care to an animal it has taken custody of under subsection (a) or (b) of this section and the expenses incurred by any state, municipal or other public or private agency or person in providing temporary care and custody pursuant to an order vesting temporary care and custody, calculated at the rate of fifteen dollars per day per animal or twenty-five dollars per day per animal if the animal is a horse or other large livestock until the date ownership is vested pursuant to subdivision (1) of subsection (g) of this section shall be paid by the owner or owners or person having responsibility for the care of the animal. In addition, all veterinary costs and expenses incurred for the welfare of the animal that are not covered by the per diem rate shall be paid by the owner or owners or person having responsibility for the animal.

(i) If the court vests ownership of the animal in the Commissioner of Agriculture or a municipality, the commissioner or the municipality may conduct or participate in a public auction of the animal under such conditions the commissioner or the municipality deems necessary or the commissioner or the municipality may consign the animal to an auction or sell the animal through an open advertised bid process whereby bid price and demonstration of sufficient knowledge and ability to care for such animal are factors for the commissioner's or municipality's consideration. All moneys collected from the sale of animals sold by the Commissioner of Agriculture through such open advertised bid process shall be deposited in the animal abuse cost recovery account established in subsection (j) of this section. All moneys collected from the sale of animals sold by a municipality through such open advertised bid process shall be deposited by the town treasurer or other fiscal officer in the town's general fund. The commissioner or the municipality may also vest ownership of any such animal in an individual or a public or private nonprofit animal rescue

SB309 / File No. 279 3

or adoption organization.

(j) There is established a separate, nonlapsing account within the General Fund, to be known as the "animal abuse cost recovery account". All moneys collected from sales at public auction of animals seized by the Department of Agriculture pursuant to this section shall be deposited into the account. Deposits of moneys may be made into the account from public or private sources, including, but not limited to, the federal government or municipal governments.

- (k) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes, any moneys received by the Department of Agriculture pursuant to subsection (j) of this section shall be deposited in the General Fund and credited to the animal abuse cost recovery account. The account shall be available to the Commissioner of Agriculture for the purpose of the housing, care and welfare of any animal seized by the department, until final disposition of such animal and for the purpose of providing reimbursement to any municipal, public or private agency or person for the costs of providing temporary care to such animal if such temporary care exceeded thirty days in duration and such costs exceed the amount of any surety bond posted pursuant to subsection (f) of this section. Nothing in this section shall prevent the commissioner from obtaining or using funds from sources other than the account for the housing, care and welfare of any animal seized by the department pursuant to this section.
- Sec. 2. Subsection (e) of section 22-380g of the 2014 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective from passage*):
- (e) Any revenue collected pursuant to the provisions of sections 22-380f and 22-380l shall be deposited in the animal population control account. All money in the account shall be used by the commissioner exclusively for (1) the implementation and promotion of the animal population control program, (2) the costs associated with the administration of such program, provided not more than two hundred twenty-five thousand dollars may be expended for administrative

SB309 / File No. 279

costs per year, [and] (3) reimbursement of persons completing a 114 115 training program pursuant to subsections (c) and (d) of section 22-328, for the costs of such program, and (4) reimbursement to any 116 municipal, public or private agency or person for the costs of 117 118 providing temporary care to any animal pursuant to section 22-329a, as amended by this act, if such temporary care exceeded thirty days in 119 duration and such costs exceed the amount of any surety bond posted 120 pursuant to subsection (f) of section 22-329a, as amended by this act. 121

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following						
sections:						
Section 1	from passage	22-329a(f) to (k)				
Sec. 2	from passage	22-380g(e)				

**ENV** Joint Favorable

The following Fiscal Impact Statement and Bill Analysis are prepared for the benefit of the members of the General Assembly, solely for purposes of information, summarization and explanation and do not represent the intent of the General Assembly or either chamber thereof for any purpose. In general, fiscal impacts are based upon a variety of informational sources, including the analyst's professional knowledge. Whenever applicable, agency data is consulted as part of the analysis, however final products do not necessarily reflect an assessment from any specific department.

### OFA Fiscal Note

### State Impact:

Agency Affected	Fund-Effect	FY 15 \$	FY 16 \$
Department of Agriculture	GF - Cost	Potential	Potential

### Municipal Impact:

Municipalities	Effect	FY 15 \$	FY 16 \$
Various Municipalities	Revenue	Potential	Potential
	Gain		

### Explanation

The bill increases, from \$500 total to \$500 per animal, the amount that an animal owner must post, through a surety or cash bond, with an entity who is providing temporary care and custody of neglected or cruelly treated animals. It is anticipated that animal owners would surrender animals to municipalities rather than pay \$500 each for a surety or cash bond. Therefore, to the extent municipalities are granted temporary care and control of these animals, there may be a revenue gain if more than one animal is surrendered.

The bill also requires the Department of Agriculture to use (1) the Animal Abuse Cost Recovery Account (AACR) and (2) the Animal Population Control Account (APC) to reimburse municipalities for the cost of providing temporary care to animals under certain conditions.<sup>1</sup> To the extent this occurs, there could be a cost to the state and a revenue gain to any municipality who cares for these animals.

SB309 / File No. 279

6

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The available cash balance in the AACR account is currently \$37,497 and the available cash balance in the APC account is currently \$983,582.

### The Out Years

The annualized ongoing fiscal impact identified above would continue into the future subject to actual expenses incurred by municipalities for the provision of temporary animal care.

# OLR Bill Analysis SB 309

## AN ACT CONCERNING MUNICIPAL COSTS FOR THE CARE OF CONFISCATED ANIMALS.

#### SUMMARY:

By law, a court may vest temporary ownership of neglected or cruelly treated animals in a state, municipal, or other agency or person. When it does this, the animals' owner must either (1) give up ownership of the animals or (2) post a surety or cash bond with the agency or person in whom the court vested the animals' temporary care and custody. This bill increases the bond amount from \$500 total to \$500 per animal.

The bill also expands the Department of Agriculture (DoAg) commissioner's use of the animal abuse cost recovery and animal population control accounts. It requires him to use these accounts to reimburse a municipal or other public or private agency or person for the cost of providing temporary care to animals that either lasts more than 30 days or exceeds the posted bond amount.

EFFECTIVE DATE: Upon passage

### **BACKGROUND**

### **Animal Abuse Recovery Account**

By law, the commissioner uses the animal abuse recovery account to cover the cost of housing and caring for animals DoAg seizes. The account is made up of (1) money DoAg collects from sales of seized animals at public auctions and (2) public or private donations.

### Animal Population Control Account

By law, the commissioner uses the animal population control account to (1) implement, promote, and administer the animal

SB309 / File No. 279 8

population control program and (2) reimburse people completing animal control officer training. The account is made up of money collected from municipal pound adoption fees and license surcharges on unspayed or unneutered dogs.

### **COMMITTEE ACTION**

**Environment Committee** 

Joint Favorable Yea 28 Nay 0 (03/17/2014)